

August 8, 2024

To: DCS-CRD BSE Limited First Floor, New Trade Wing Rotunda Building, Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers Dalal Street, Fort, Mumbai 400 023 <b>Stock Code: 544117</b>	To: Listing Compliance National Stock Exchange of India Limited Exchange Plaza, 5th Floor, Plot No. C/1, 'G' Block Bandra- Kurla Complex Bandra East, Mumbai 400 051 <b>Stock Code: SIGNPOST</b>
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Dear Sir/Madam,

**Sub: News Paper Publication of Extracts of Consolidated & Standalone Unaudited Financial Results  
for the first quarter ended June 30, 2024**

Pursuant to the Regulation 30 and 47 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, we are enclosing herewith copies each of Business Standard (English Daily) and Mumbai Lakshadeep (Marathi Daily) both dated August 8, 2024, for publication of extracts of Consolidated & Standalone Unaudited Financial Results of the Company for the first quarter ended June 30, 2024.

The same may please be taken on record and suitably disseminated to all concerned.

Thanking you,

Yours Sincerely,  
**For Signpost India Limited**

Rameshwar Prasad Agrawal  
Chief Financial Officer

Encl: as above

# Rare disease patients suffer but funds remain unspent

5 of 12 centres used less than 35% of allotted funds in last 3 years



## UTILISATION TREND

Funds used by Centres of Excellence for Rare Diseases in 3 years till February 2024

	(in ₹ cr)	Utilisation (%)
Institute of Postgraduate Medical Education and Research	4.36	93.65
King Edward Medical Hospital	4.67	93.55
Sanjay Gandhi Postgraduate Institute of Medical Sciences	5.91	92.48
Institute of Child Health and Hospital for Children	6.98	87.92
Centre for Human Genetics with Indira Gandhi Hospital	10.00	57.55
Postgraduate Institute of Medical Education and Research	3.79	54.80
AIIMS, New Delhi	14.90	34.64
AIIMS, Jodhpur	0.91	30.39
Sree Vaibhav Thirunal Hospital, Government Medical College	0.53	17.67
Maulana Azad Medical College	0.77	17.62
Centre for DNA Fingerprinting & Diagnostics*	0.33	4.53

\* Nizam's Institute of Medical Sciences; AIIMS: All India Institute of Medical Sciences

Source: Lok Sabha

SANKET KOUK  
New Delhi, 7 August

**F**ive out of 12 Centres of Excellence (CoEs) formed to treat patients suffering from rare diseases have utilised less than 35 per cent of the funds allotted to them by the Centre over the last three years, according to patient advocacy groups and data from a reply given in Parliament.

These centres were created under the National Policy for Rare Disease (NPRD) in 2021. According to data accessed by *Business Standard*, the maximum fund utilisation was seen at Institute of Postgraduate Medical Education and Research (IPGMR), Kolkata at 93.65 per cent. The next in the chart was King Edward Medical Hospital, Mumbai at 93.55 per cent.

But five institutes at the bottom have spent less than 35 per cent of the fund allotted to them.

Hyderabad-based Centre for DNA Fingerprinting & Diagnostics with Nizam's Institute of Medical Sciences stands last in the list with only 4.53 per cent funds utilisation. Followed by Delhi's Maulana Azad Medical College at 17.62 per cent.

According to a reply given by the health ministry in Parliament, as of February this year these centres have utilised only 48 per cent of around ₹109 crore disbursed in the last three years.

COEs are institutions identified by the

central government to actively treat patients suffering from rare diseases. Currently, 12 such centres have a quota of 2,420 rare disease patients from six categories across three groups.

"While the government has set up CoEs to treat patients with rare diseases, patients with Group 3a conditions are still experiencing inordinate delay in procedural formalities across these centres," a member associated with an advocacy group for patients with Group 3a conditions said.

According to the rare disease policy enacted in 2021, Group 3a includes conditions such as Lysosomal Storage Disorders (LSD's) for which definitive treatment is available but challenges are to make optimal patient selection for benefit, very high cost, and lifelong therapy.

"There are currently around 454 eligible rare disease patients with LSD's such as Pompe disease, Fabry disease, Mucopolysaccharidosis (MPS) type I and type II in India, to be put on immediate life-saving therapy as per the National Policy for Rare Diseases 2021," the member added.

### The human cost

According to data available on the government's digital portal for crowd-

funding and voluntary donations for patients of rare diseases, more than 300 out of 454 LSD patients currently eligible for funding under Group 3a are not getting any treatment in CoEs.

Currently, only 98 LSD patients are on government-approved treatment.

"The delay in the commencement of the treatment process and uncertainties around sustainable funding of Group 3a disorders are turning fatal, with around 28 of these 454 patients reported to have lost their lives in the last few months awaiting treatment support," an official said.

The groups have asked the government to direct CoEs to ensure efficient utilisation of funds provided by the ministry.

This comes after several caregivers and advocacy groups for patients with 3a conditions had written a letter to Union Health Minister JP Nadda last month, citing the inordinate delays being faced by patients eligible for treatment under the NPRD.

The letter had stated that several patients across the CoEs have been put off life-saving therapies after the one-time support of ₹50 lakh was exhausted.

More on business-standard.com

These centres have utilised only 48% of the ₹109 crore disbursed in last 3 years as of February this year

## Grave climate risk to rice productivity in Assam, TN

SANJEEB MUKHERJEE  
New Delhi, 7 August

Productivity in Assam, Arunachal Pradesh, Himachal Pradesh, and Tamil Nadu is most susceptible to climate risks, a paper presented at the 32nd International Congress of Agriculture Economists in Delhi stated.

However, states like Bihar, Uttarakhand and Jharkhand face the least risk, it added.

Another paper presented at the conference showed that increasing the price of electricity in Punjab, which is one of the major growers of paddy, from zero to the true cost of supply, could lead to a sharp 59 per cent cutback in water extraction using electric pumps. However, the decline in average paddy yields is limited to just 11 per cent. Farm power is heavily subsidised in states like Punjab, leading to concerns regarding the overuse of groundwater resources. The paper on state-wise climate risks and rice productivity is by Nishi Yadav, from the Indian Institute of Technology, Guwahati.

More on business-standard.com

## 7.3 mn mobile connections snapped on re-verification

As many as 7.3 million mobile connections, obtained on fake identity or address documents, have been disconnected by telecom operators, the Department of Telecommunications (DoT) told Parliament on Wednesday.



DoT has developed a system to detect fraudulent mobile connections taken on fake proof of identity or proof of address documents and such connections are flagged to the telecom service providers (TSPs) for re-verification. DoT has identified about 8.1 million such suspected mobile connections, and the details have been forwarded to TSPs for re-verification.

BS REPORTER

## Karnataka, HP, Assam got most disaster funds

The Centre granted the highest allocation to Karnataka, Himachal Pradesh and Assam under the National Disaster Response Fund in the last two years, 2022-2024, the government told the Rajya Sabha on Wednesday. The funds were given for relief and rehabilitation of people affected in natural disasters. Union Minister of State for Home Nitayanand Rai said while ₹941 crore was approved by the Centre's high-level committee for Karnataka, ₹873 crore and ₹594 crore were approved for Himachal Pradesh and Assam for floods and landslides in 2022-24.

PTI

## No extra time to govt staff for switching from NPS

There is no proposal to increase the time limit for central government employees to switch from the National Pension System (NPS) to the Old Pension Scheme, the government said on Wednesday. The NPS was introduced for central government employees in 2003. NPS is mandatory for new recruits in the central government service from January 1, 2004 (except the armed forces), Union Minister of State for Personnel Jitendra Singh said in a written reply to Lok Sabha.

PTI



## 'Halt e-KYC of ration cards'

Advocacy group Right to Food Campaign on Wednesday said that the Centre should immediately halt the e-KYC of ration cards as people are facing immense distress and should also issue new ration cards to 80 million eligible beneficiaries as directed by the Supreme Court. The campaign in a press statement said that due to the mandatory e-KYC ration shop owners were exploiting poor people. It said several eligible beneficiaries had been excluded due to a population census of 2011 being the basis.

BS REPORTER

**BUDGET SESSION**  
**IN THE HOUSE**

**Upto 35% bio-bitumen mixing on cards to save ₹10Kcrforex**

Union Road Transport Minister Nitin Gadkari on Wednesday said the government will allow mixing of biopolymer lignin up to 35 per cent in petroleum-based bitumen, a large part of which is imported from other countries.

Bitumen is a black substance produced through the distillation of crude oil and is widely used for making roads and roofs.

"We have the largest road network in the world. 90 per cent of roads are using bituminous layers. Bitumen consumption in 2023-24 was 8.8 million tonnes. In 2024-25, it is expected to be 10 million tonnes. 50 per cent of the bitumen is imported. And annual import cost is ₹25,000-30,000 crore," Gadkari said while replying to questions in Rajya Sabha.

PTI

## 260K tonnes of onions exported in April-July

India exported 260,000 tonnes of onions till July of this financial year, the government said on Wednesday. "The government has lifted the onion prohibition from 4th May, 2024 and allowed the export with minimum export price of (MEP) of ₹550 per tonne and export duty of 40 per cent."

Minister of State for Food and Consumer Affairs B L Verma said in a written reply in Lok Sabha.

India had exported 1.6 million tonne of

onions in the last financial year. Further, he said the government had procured 468,000 tonnes, majorly from Maharashtra, through National Co-operative Consumers' Federation of India (NCCF) and National Agricultural Cooperative Marketing Federation of India (NAFED) for the price stabilisation buffer. "In comparison with last year (2023), the price realisation by onion farmers in current year has been much higher," Verma said.

BS REPORTER



IN THE NATIONAL COMPANY LAW TRIBUNAL CHENNAI BENCH I  
C.P./IB/181/CHE/2022  
State Bank of India,  
SAMB Coimbatore,  
Raja Plaza, First Floor,  
1112, Avinashi Road,  
Coimbatore - 641 037. ...Petitioner  
...Versus...  
Mrs. U Suganthi Shankar

Old No.33, New No.10,  
Kongu Nagar Extension,  
First Street, Tirupur - 641 607.

...Respondent

Sub : C.P.(IB)/181(CHE)/2022 –

State Bank of India Vs Suganthi

Shankar – NCLT, Chennai – Reg.

Take notice that in the above

application filed by State Bank

of India, for initiating Personal

Insolvency Resolution Process

against you, the Respondent

herein, before the Honourable

National Company Law Tribunal,

Chennai Bench I, the above case

is listed for hearing on 06.09.2024

at 10.30 am. Make it convenient to

be present before the Honourable

Tribunal in person or through

pleader duly instructed on the

above date and time and raise your

objection, if any, failing which the

case will be heard and decided in

your absence on merits.

Dated at Chennai on this the 02nd

day of August 2024.

BENEGAL PARAMESHWAR UDPA

Interim Resolution Professional

IBBI/IPA-002/P-N00480/2017-

2018/11445

Email : beepeeyou@gmail.com

SIGNs of tomorrow

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INDIA

Signpost India Ltd.

EXTRACT OF UNAUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS  
FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

₹ in Lakh

Sr. No.	Particulars	Consolidated			
		Quarter Ended 30.06.2024	31.03.2024	Year Ended 30.06.2023	31.03.2024
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited	Unaudited
1	Total Income From Operation	10,046.75	10,342.65	9,416.81	38,744.54
2	Net Profit / (Loss) For The Period (Before Tax, Exceptional Items)	1,321.51	2,701.98	1,400.47	6,571.38
3	Net Profit / (Loss) For The Period Before Tax (After Exceptional Items)	1,321.51	2,701.98	1,400.47	6,571.38
4	Net Profit / (Loss) For The Period After Tax (After Exceptional Items)	1,123.17	1,775.39	1,039.12	4,405.51
5	Total Comprehensive Income For The Period [Comprising Profit / (Loss) For The Period (After Tax) And Other Comprehensive Income (After Tax)]	1,121.62	1,767.04	1,039.11	4,398.74
6	Equity Share Capital	1,069.00	1,069.00	1,069.00	1,069.00
7	Other Equity (Excluding Revaluation Reserve)				17,864.91
8	Earning Per Share (of ₹ 2 each) (not annualised for quarters)				
	Basic & Diluted (₹)				
		2.10	3.32	1.94	

